

SATISH CHANDRA MEMORIAL SCHOOL
Practice Test (CASE STUDY AND COMPREHENSION), 2025-26
ENGLISH
Class VI

Time: 40 Minutes

Maximum Marks: 15

Q1. Read the following passage carefully

1X7=7

Tucked away in a quiet alley in the heart of the city stood an old bookshop with fading letters that read: Whittaker & Sons – Rare Books and Manuscripts. It was not the kind of place people stumbled into. You had to be looking for it. Inside, the scent of old paper, leather bindings, and forgotten ink lingered in the air.

Seated behind the counter was Mr. Whittaker, a tall man with silver hair and round spectacles, who knew the exact location of every book in the shop, even though there seemed to be no order to the chaotic arrangement of shelves. Many believed the bookshop was magical. Some said the books whispered when no one was around. Others claimed they saw titles that vanished the next day.

One rainy afternoon, a girl named Aanya entered the shop, drenched but determined. She had heard about a book that could answer any question—but only if the reader truly wanted to learn. Mr. Whittaker looked at her, smiled faintly, and led her to a narrow shelf behind a curtain. There, nestled between two thick volumes, was a thin leather-bound book titled *The Seeker's Guide*.

Aanya opened the book carefully. There were no printed words—only blank pages. But as she thought about her question, golden letters began to appear, shaping answers that made sense only to her. Hours passed, but it felt like moments. When she finally looked up, Mr. Whittaker simply nodded. She had become a seeker.

Answer the following by choosing the correct option:

1. The bookshop was known as:
 - a. Whittaker's Book Corner
 - b. Whittaker & Sons – Rare Books and Manuscripts
 - c. Magical Manuscripts & Co.
 - d. The Seeker's Library

2. Mr. Whittaker could find books easily because —
- a. he had them labeled in alphabetical order.
 - b. he had a computer to track them.
 - c. he had an exceptional memory despite the messy shelves.
 - d. the shop had a librarian robot.

3. People believed the bookshop was magical because —
- a. it had hidden treasure.
 - b. books whispered or disappeared mysteriously.
 - c. it had mirrors that spoke.
 - d. it changed locations every day.

4. Aanya visited the bookshop because —
- a. she was sheltering from the rain.
 - b. she wanted to buy a storybook.
 - c. she was looking for a job.
 - d. she was searching for a special book that answered questions.

5. What was unique about The Seeker's Guide?
- a. It was made of gold.
 - b. It glowed in the dark.
 - c. Its pages were blank until a question was asked.
 - d. It played music when opened.

6. The expression "She had become a seeker" means —
- a. Aanya got lost in the bookshop.
 - b. Aanya became a book collector.
 - c. Aanya had gained the desire for true knowledge.
 - d. Aanya had started working in the bookshop.

7. The word lingered in the passage means —
- a. vanished suddenly
 - b. stayed on in the air
 - c. shouted loudly
 - d. disappeared quietly

Q2. Read the following Case based passage carefully.

1X8=8

A plastic bottle begins its life as crude oil, buried deep beneath the earth. This oil is extracted, transported to factories, and processed into plastic. The bottle is then manufactured, filled with water or soda, and sent to shops for people to buy. But what happens once the drink is finished?

In most cases, the bottle is tossed into a bin. If it is lucky, it ends up in a recycling plant. There, it is cleaned, crushed, melted, and shaped into something new—like clothing fibers or another bottle. But sadly, a large number of plastic bottles do not get recycled. They are dumped into landfills or worse—into rivers and oceans.

In the ocean, plastic bottles break down slowly, releasing harmful chemicals. Sea creatures often mistake plastic for food. Turtles, whales, and fish can swallow plastic pieces, which leads to severe illness or even death.

Reducing plastic use is the only long-term solution. Carrying reusable bottles, saying no to plastic straws, and supporting eco-friendly packaging are steps that every citizen can take. The journey of a plastic bottle doesn't have to end in pollution. With responsibility, it can become part of a cleaner future.

Choose the correct answer:

1. A plastic bottle starts its life as—
 - a. sand.
 - b. gas.
 - c. oil.
 - d. coal.

2. After use, a plastic bottle is often—
 - a. used for decoration.
 - b. sent back to factories.
 - c. thrown into a bin.
 - d. turned into paper.

3. In a recycling plant, plastic bottles are—

- a. buried underground.
- b. left untouched.
- c. cleaned and reshaped.
- d. painted and sold again.

4. If plastic bottles are dumped in oceans—

- a. they clean the water.
- b. they dissolve immediately.
- c. they can harm sea life.
- d. they feed marine animals.

5. Turtles and whales may suffer because—

- a. they play with plastic.
- b. they cannot swim near plastic.
- c. they eat plastic mistaking it for food.
- d. plastic gets stuck in their fins.

6. What is the long-term solution to plastic pollution?

- a. Reusing glass.
- b. Burning plastic.
- c. Reducing plastic usage.
- d. Using more bottled water.

7. Citizens can help by—

- a. throwing bottles in rivers.
- b. using reusable items.
- c. buying more plastic.
- d. ignoring pollution.

8. The word responsibility in the last line means—

- a. carelessness
- b. blame
- c. duty and awareness
- d. laziness